

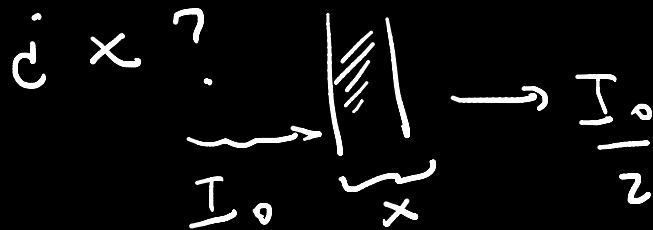
18/06/2025

Atenuación de Rayos X

$$I(x) = I_0 e^{-\mu x}$$

$$[x] = \text{cm.} \quad [\mu] = \text{cm}^{-1}$$

Supongamos que $\mu = 0.0843 \text{ cm}^{-1}$



$$I(x) = \frac{I_0}{2} = I_0 e^{-0.0843 \cdot x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-0.0843 \cdot x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-0.08343 \cdot x} \quad / \ln$$

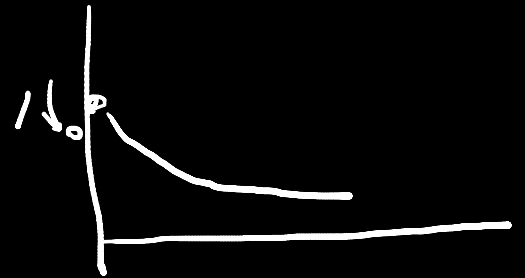
$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = -0.08343 \cdot x$$

$$x = \frac{\ln(1/2)}{-0.08343} = \frac{-0.69}{-0.08343} =$$

$$x \approx 8.27 \text{ cm} \quad \checkmark$$

DESINTEGRACIÓN RADIACTIVA

$$N(t) = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$$



C-14 ; $t_m = 5730 \text{ años}$

¿qué significa? Que transcurran 5730 años para que la cantidad inicial de N_0 se reduzca a la mitad $\frac{N_0}{2}$.

$$\frac{N_0}{2} = N_0 e^{-\lambda \cdot 5730}$$
$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-\lambda \cdot 5730} \quad / \ln$$

$$-\lambda \cdot 5730 = \ln(1/2)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-0.69}{-5730}$$

$$\lambda = 0.0001204 \text{ año}^{-1}$$

$$\lambda = 0.00012 \text{ a\u00f1}^{-1}$$

$$\lambda = 0.00012 \text{ por a\u00f1o} \quad \text{U-238}$$

Cte de desintegraci\u00f3n del uranio (U)

\(\Rightarrow\) de $\lambda = 1.54 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ por a\u00f1o (a\u00f1}^{-1}\text{)}$

C \(\Rightarrow\) que significa ?

Résumés : fonctions

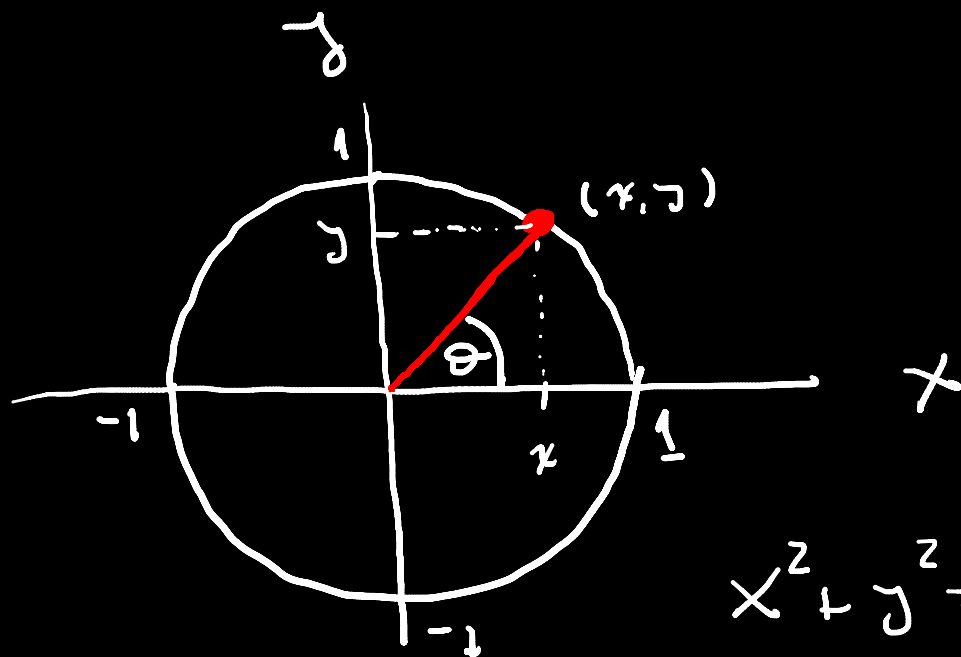
$$y = mx + b \quad ; \quad y = k(x - a)^2 + b$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x} \quad ; \quad \sqrt{x} \quad ; \quad \ln(x)$$

$$e^{\alpha x}, e^{-\alpha x}$$

Applications

→ Fonctions trigonométriques



$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$(\cos \theta)^2 + (\sin \theta)^2 = 1$$

$$x = \cos \theta$$

$$y = \sin \theta$$